Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010 - United Kingdom (UK)

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Pattern Coat Hi-Gloss

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### **1.1 Product identifier**

Product name	: Pattern Coat Hi Gloss
Product code	: PCG
Product type	: Liquid.



#### **1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

	Identified uses
Not available.	

### **1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Easy Composites Ltd Unit 39, Park Hall Business Village, Stoke on Trent, Staffordshire, ST3 5XA +44 (0)1933663100 e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : SDS@easycomposites.co.uk

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### Supplier Telephone number : (Hours of operation)

: +44 (0) 1782 454499 (08:00h - 17:30h, Mon-Fri)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1 Classification of the se	ubstance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
<b>Classification according</b>	to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	
Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertilit STOT RE 1, H372	y and Unborn child)
The product is classified a	s hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
Ingredients of unknown toxicity	: Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 55.3%
Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity	: Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 55.3%
Classification according	to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]
The product is classified	as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.
Classification	: F; R11
	Repr. Cat. 2; R60
	Repr. Cat. 3; R63 Xn; R20, R48/20
	Xi; R36/38
Physical/chemical hazards	: Highly flammable.

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Pattern-Coat Hi Gloss

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### Human health hazards

: May impair fertility. Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. Also harmful by inhalation. Also harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Irritating to eyes and skin.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2 2	Label	olom	onte
2.2	Laber	CICILI	ents

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H332 - Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.</li> <li>H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: styrene cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)
Supplemental label elements	: Contains maleic anhydride and cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Restricted to professional users.
2.3 Other hazards Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

			<b>Classification</b>		
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
styrene	REACH #: 01-2119457861-32	≥27 - <49	R10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	EC: 202-851-5 CAS: 100-42-5 Index: 601-026-00-0		Repr. Cat. 3; R63 Xn; R20, R48/20 Xi; R36/38	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) STOT RE 1, H372 (ears)	
butanone	REACH #: 01-2119457290-43	≥5 - <10	F; R11	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
	EC: 201-159-0 CAS: 78-93-3 Index: 606-002-00-3		Xi; R36 R66, R67	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystfree	REACH #: 01-2119379499-16 CAS: 112945-52-5	≥1 - <3	Not classified.	Not classified.	[2]
cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29	≥0.3 - <1	Repr. Cat. 2; R60	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]
	EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7		Xi; R38 R43	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child)	
maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31	≥0.1 - <0.3	N; R51/53 Xn; R22	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [2]
	EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	-0.0	C; R34 R42/43	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317	
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	REACH #: 1-2119524016-51-0	<0.1	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [2]
	EC: 204-617-8 CAS: 123-31-9 Index: 604-005-00-4		Muta. Cat. 3; R68 Xn; R22 Xi; R41 R43 N; R50/53	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the R- phrases declared above.	See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

-	
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	om	<u>s</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Patter-Coat Hi-Gloss

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

J	5
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso II Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

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	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b C7b: Highly flammable (R11)	5000 5000	50000 50000

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 430 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1080 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed brough skin. STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
<ul> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 430 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 1080 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li><b>H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed nrough skin.</b></li> <li>STEL: 899 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 430 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1080 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed</b> <b>trough skin.</b> STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 1080 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed</b> <b>hrough skin.</b> STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed frough skin. STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
nrough skin. STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust
TWA: 2.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable dust
H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Skin
ensitiser.
TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.
H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Skin
ensitiser.
STEL: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.
H40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

cedures atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
styrene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	306 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	406 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	85 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	174.25 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	182.75 mg/ m³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	343 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2.1 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
butanone	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1161 mg/	Workers	-

#### S CTION 8. Exposure controls/parsonal protection

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 600 mg/m³	Workers	-
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	-
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	106 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Consumers	-
	DNEL	Long term Oral	31 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	-
maleic anhydride	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.04 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.04 mg/ cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.04 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.04 mg/ cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.8 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.8 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.4 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.4 mg/m³	Workers	Local
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	128 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	64 mg/kg bw/day	Human via the environment	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.74 mg/m³	Human via the environment	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m³	Human via the environment	Local

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
styrene	Fresh water	0.028 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0028 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.614 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0614 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	5 mg/l	-
butanone	Fresh water	55.8 mg/l	-
	Marine water	55.8 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	709 mg/l	-
	Sediment	284.7 mg/kg	-
	Soil	22.5 mg/kg	-
maleic anhydride	Fresh water	0.04281 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.004281 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.334 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0334 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.0415 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	44.6 mg/l	-
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Fresh water	0.114 µg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0114 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.00098 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.000097 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.000129 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	0.71 mg/l	-
e of issue/Date of revision : 19/05/201	5. Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	. Version :1 8/3

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 SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

 Plant

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the produc and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physic	cal and chemical properties
Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Not available.
Odour	: Solvent
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: <-18°C

Date of issue/Date of revision

: No previous validation.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Burning time	1	Not applicable.
Burning rate	1	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	1.1 to 1.2
Solubility(ies)	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C): >0.4 cm <sup>2</sup> /s
Explosive properties	1	Not available.
Oxidising properties	1	Not available.
VOC content (% by weight)	1	Not available.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	;	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
styrene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2770 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	11800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2650 mg/kg	-
butanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
· · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	>375 mg/kg	-
te of issue/Date of revision	: 19/05/2015. Date of previou			Version :1

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### **Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (gases)	4122.3 ppm
Inhalation (vapours)	17.56 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
styrene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	50 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
butanone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	-	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Experiment: In vivo Subject: Bacteria	Positive Negative
	- Niet	Subject: Bacteria	

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butanone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
styrene	Category 1	Not determined	ears

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristicsEye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br/>pain or irritation

	watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effec	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
styrene	Chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat	615 mg/kg	-	
	Chronic NOAEL Inhalation Gas.	Rat	20 ppm	8 hours	
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat	20 mg/kg	90 days	
, - <b>,</b> - <b>,</b>	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat	>73.9 mg/kg	90 days	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	·	·		
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.				
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.				
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.				
ther information	: Not available.				

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
styrene	Acute EC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 33 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 4700 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4020 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.01 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
butanone	Acute EC50 500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 520000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 400 ppm Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Acute EC50 0.134 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.638 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic EC50 0.33 mg/l	Aquatic plants	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.019 mg/l	Aquatic plants	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.0057 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	-	70 % - Rea	idily - 14 days	-		-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					•
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
styrene butanone cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) 1,4-dihydroxybenzene	- - -		- - - -		Readily Readily Not rea Readily	dily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
styrene	0.35	13.49	low
butanone	0.3	-	low
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	-	15600	high
maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	low
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	0.59	3.162	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1866	UN1866	UN1866
14.2 UN proper shipping name	RESIN SOLUTION	RESIN SOLUTION	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	11	11	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions 640 (C)	-	-
	Tunnel code (D/E)		

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Restricted to professional users. on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Other EU regulations

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
styrene	-	-	Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	-
cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	-	-	Repr. 1B, H360D (Unborn child)	Repr. 1B, H360F (Fertility)
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	Carc. 2, H351	Muta. 2, H341	-	-

#### Seveso II Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso II Directive.

#### Danger criteria

Category	
P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b C7b: Highly flammable (R11)	

#### **National regulations**

Product/ingredient name	e List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoa	e) UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt compounds	Carc.	-
International regulations				
Listed on inventory.	: Australia inventory (A	AICS): Not determined.		

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Japan inventory: Not determined.
Korea inventory: Not determined.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIOC): Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

# **15.2 Chemical Safety**: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still<br/>required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
-	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

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#### CTION 16. Other information 0

SECTION 16: Other information					
Classification		Justification			
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 1B, H360FD (Fertility and Unborn child) STOT RE 1, H372		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method			
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	<ul> <li>H226 Flammable liqu</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swall</li> <li>H314 Causes severed</li> <li>H315 Causes skin im</li> <li>H317 May cause an</li> <li>H318 Causes serious</li> <li>H319 Causes serious</li> <li>H319 Causes serious</li> <li>H32 Harmful if inhat (inhalation)</li> <li>H334 May cause alled</li> <li>H336 May cause drot</li> <li>H336 May cause drot</li> <li>H351 Suspected of of</li> <li>H360FD May damage for</li> <li>(Fertility and Unborn child)</li> <li>H372 Causes damage</li> <li>(ears)</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to act (unborn child)</li> <li>H372 Causes damage</li> <li>(ears)</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to act (att 1)</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to act (att 1)</li> <li>Acute Tox. 4, H302</li> <li>Acute Tox. 4, H302</li> <li>Acute Tox. 4, H318</li> <li>Eye Dam. 1, H318</li> <li>Eye Irrit. 2, H319</li> <li>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</li> <li>Flam. Liq. 3, H226</li> <li>Muta. 2, H341</li> <li>Repr. 1B, H360FD</li> <li>(Fertility and Unborn child)</li> <li>Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)</li> <li>Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)</li> <li>Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)</li> <li>Resp. Sens. 1, H314</li> <li>Skin Corr. 1B, H314</li> <li>Skin Sens. 1B, H317</li> <li>STOT RE 1, H372</li> </ul>	L       Dele liquid and vapour.         Jid and vapour.       Iowed.         Iowed.       eskin burns and eye damage.         itation.       allergic skin reaction.         s eye irritation.       led.         Irrgy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.       wwiness or dizziness.         iausing genetic defects.       ausing cancer.         ertility. May damage the unborn child.       et organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.         iausing concer.       et organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (ears)         quatic life.       quatic life with long lasting effects.         c life with long lasting effects.       c life with long lasting effects.         c life with long lasting effects.       c ategory 1         LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1       LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1         LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2       CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2         SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1       SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2         FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3       GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2         TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1       SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1       SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1         SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1       SKIN SENSITIZATION -			
	Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 STOT RE 1, H372 (ears	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATE EXPOSURE) (ears) - Category 1			

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of abbreviated R phrases	<ul> <li>R11- Highly flammable.</li> <li>R10- Flammable.</li> <li>R40- Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.</li> <li>R68- Possible risk of irreversible effects.</li> <li>R60- May impair fertility.</li> <li>R63- Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.</li> <li>R20- Also harmful by inhalation.</li> <li>R22- Also harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>R48/20- Also harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.</li> <li>R34- Causes burns.</li> <li>R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.</li> <li>R36- Irritating to eyes.</li> <li>R38- Irritating to eyes.</li> <li>R36/38- Irritating to skin.</li> <li>R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.</li> <li>R42/43- May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.</li> <li>R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.</li> <li>R60- Ropours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.</li> <li>R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.</li> </ul>
Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]	<ul> <li>F - Highly flammable</li> <li>Carc. Cat. 3 - Carcinogen category 3</li> <li>Muta. Cat. 3 - Mutagen category 3</li> <li>Repr. Cat. 2 - Toxic to reproduction category 2</li> <li>Repr. Cat. 3 - Toxic to reproduction category 3</li> <li>C - Corrosive</li> <li>Xn - Harmful</li> <li>Xi - Irritant</li> <li>N - Dangerous for the environment</li> </ul>
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Notice to reader	

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